# § 152.507

- (c) After receipt of the notice of termination, the sponsor or planning agency may not incur additional obligations of grant funds.
- (d) Payments to be made to the sponsor or planning agency, or recoveries of payments by the FAA, under the grant shall be in accordance with the legal rights and liabilities of the parties.

## § 152.507 Termination for convenience.

- (a) When the continuation of the project would not produce beneficial results commensurate with the further expenditure of funds, the grant may be terminated in whole, or in part, upon mutual agreement of the FAA and the sponsor or planning agency.
- (b) If an agreement to terminate is made, the sponsor or planning agency—
- (1) May not incur new obligations for the terminated portion after the effective date: and
- (2) Shall cancel as many obligations, relating to the terminated portion, as possible.
- (c) The sponsor or planning agency is allowed full credit for the Federal share of the noncancellable obligations that were properly incurred by the sponsor before the termination.

# § 152.509 Request for reconsideration.

If a grant is suspended or terminated under this subpart, the sponsor or planning agency may request the Administrator to reconsider the suspension or termination.

# Subpart G—Energy Conservation in Airport Aid Program

AUTHORITY: Secs. 1–27, 84 Stat. 220–223 (49 U.S.C. 1711–1727); sec. 1.47(g), Regulations of the Office of the Secretary of Transportation; 35 FR 17044; sec. 403(b), 92 Stat. 3318; E.O. 12185.

Source: Docket No. 66, 45 FR 58035, Aug. 29, 1980, unless otherwise noted.

# §152.601 Purpose.

This subpart implements section 403 of the Powerplant and Industrial Fuel Use Act of 1978 (92 Stat. 3318; Pub. L. 95-620) in order to encourage conservation of petroleum and natural gas by recipients of Federal financial assistance.

## § 152.603 Applicability.

This subpart applies to each recipient of Federal financial assistance from the Federal Aviation Administration through the Airport Development Aid Program (ADAP) unless otherwise excluded by definition.

#### §152.605 Definitions.

As used in this subpart—

Building construction means construction of any building which receives Federal assistance under the program, which will exceed \$200,000 in construction cost.

Energy assessment means an analysis of total energy requirements of a building, which, within the scope of the proposed construction activity, and at a level of detail appropriate to that scope, considers the following:

- (a) Overall design of the facility or modification, and alternative designs;
- (b) Materials and techniques used in construction or rehabilitation:
- (c) Special or innovative conservation features that may be used;
- (d) Fuel requirements for heating, cooling, and operations essential to the function of the structure, projected over the life of the facility and including projected costs of this fuel; and
- (e) Kind of energy to be used, including—
- (1) Consideration of opportunities for using fuels other than petroleum and natural gas, and
- (2) Consideration of using alternative, renewable energy sources.
- Major building modification means modification of any building which receives Federal assistance under the program, which will exceed \$200,000 in construction cost.

# § 152.607 Building design requirements.

Each sponsor shall perform an energy assessment for each federally-assisted building construction or major building modification project proposed at the airport. The building design, construction, and operation shall incorporate, to the extent consistent with good engineering practice, the most cost-effective energy conservation features identified in the energy assessment.